



Emission and Air Quality Trends Review 1999-2011

Midwestern States

July 2013





Project Objective

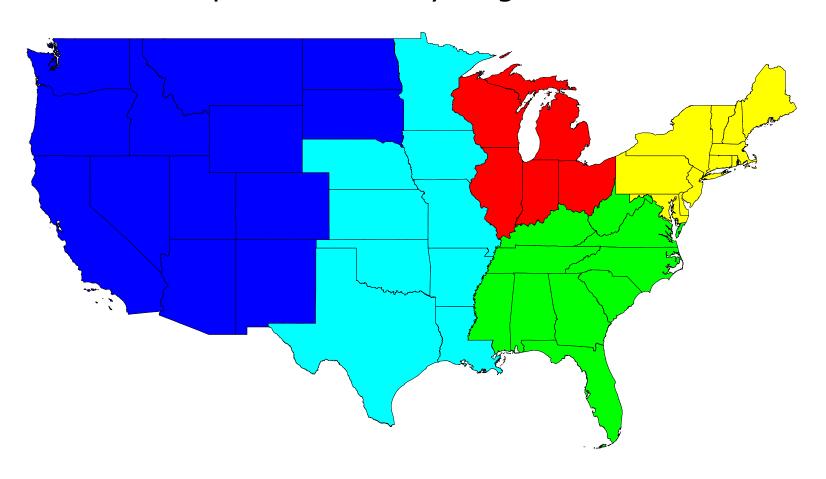
To develop and present publicly available information on trends in emissions and ambient air quality in the U.S. since 1999 in easy to understand visual and tabular formats





Trends Analysis

Metrics developed for U.S. by Region







Emission Trends

- Study Team collected and processed U.S. EPA emission inventories for years within the study period of interest (1999-2011)
- By pollutant and source category
 - electric utility coal fuel combustion
 - mobile sources
 - industrial fuel combustion & industrial processes
 - all other





Emissions Data Summary

- Data Obtained from EPA National Emission Inventory (NEI) and Trends Websites
 - EPA's Trends reports and emission comparisons include interpolations of all categories between key years (1999, 2002, 2005, 2008, 2011) at county-pollutant level
 - Represented Pollutants: VOC, NOx, SO₂, and PM_{2.5}
- Project Improvement
 - The Study Team augmented above data with year specific CEM emissions (2002 through 2011)





Emission Changes

The following slides also include the tonnage-based emissions change from 1999 to 2011 for each pollutant

Negative values indicate decrease in emissions, positive values indicate an increase





Midwestern Emission Trends (VOC)

					<u>ınnual Emiss</u>	ions (Tons)				
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	5,728	6,241	7,153	6,117	6,014	6,118	5,981	5,424	5,632	6,111
Mobile Sources	1,382,078	1,278,264	1,316,851	1,204,468	1,144,627	1,084,785	949,761	924,245	898,729	868,248
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	1,680,792	1,667,034	1,405,326	1,322,600	1,312,834	1,303,071	1,293,318	1,283,556	1,273,793	1,002,317
All Others	1,956	2,455	1,347	1,505	1,395	1,461	1,402	1,360	1,441	1,975
Total	3,070,555	2,953,995	2,730,677	2,534,691	2,464,869	2,395,436	2,250,462	2,214,586	2,179,595	1,878,651

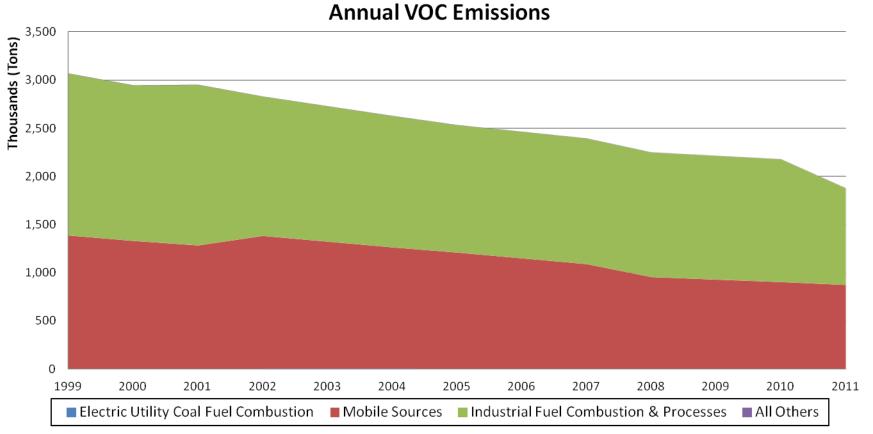
_	Annual Emissions Change (Percent since 1999)									
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	0%	9%	25%	7%	5%	7%	4%	-5%	-2%	7%
Mobile Sources	0%	-8%	-5%	-13%	-17%	-22%	-31%	-33%	-35%	-37%
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	0%	-1%	-16%	-21%	-22%	-22%	-23%	-24%	-24%	-40%
All Others	0%	25%	-31%	-23%	-29%	-25%	-28%	-30%	-26%	1%
Total	0%	-4%	-11%	-17%	-20%	-22%	-27%	-28%	-29%	-39%





Midwestern Emission Trends (voc)

Major Source Category Summary







Midwestern Emission Trends (NOx)

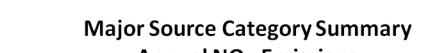
					<u>ınnual Emiss</u>	ions (Tons)				
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	1,334,163	1,090,608	977,116	773,068	728,143	715,789	697,592	393,798	410,491	390,644
Mobile Sources	2,007,299	1,912,766	1,968,105	2,230,013	2,123,388	2,016,764	1,726,763	1,677,491	1,628,217	1,487,992
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	664,370	690,429	537,347	535,334	527,384	519,676	515,969	508,002	500,831	425,969
All Others	35,236	30,700	29,729	24,366	20,483	21,389	21,165	18,170	19,183	17,310
Total	4,041,068	3,724,502	3,512,297	3,562,781	3,399,399	3,273,618	2,961,489	2,597,460	2,558,723	2,321,916

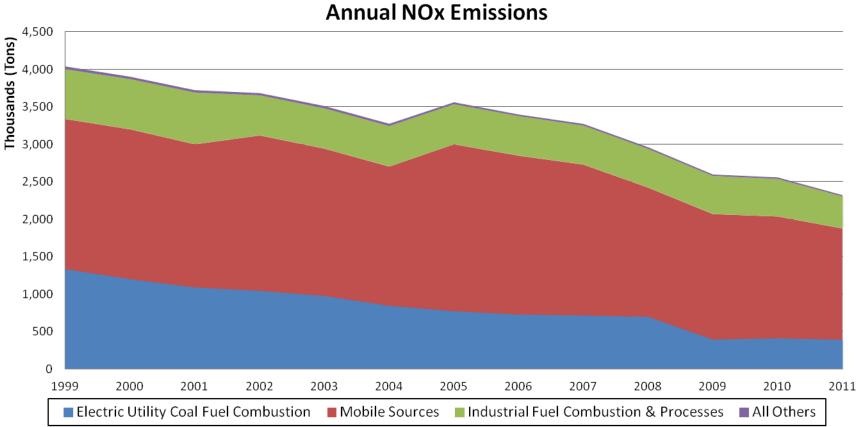
_	Annual Emissions Change (Percent since 1999)									
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	0%	-18%	-27%	-42%	-45%	-46%	-48%	-70%	-69%	-71%
Mobile Sources	0%	-5%	-2%	11%	6%	0%	-14%	-16%	-19%	-26%
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	0%	4%	-19%	-19%	-21%	-22%	-22%	-24%	-25%	-36%
All Others	0%	-13%	-16%	-31%	-42%	-39%	-40%	-48%	-46%	-51%
<u>Total</u>	0%	-8%	-13%	-12%	-16%	-19%	-27%	-36%	-37%	-43%





Midwestern Emission Trends (NOx)









Midwestern Emission Trends (SO₂)

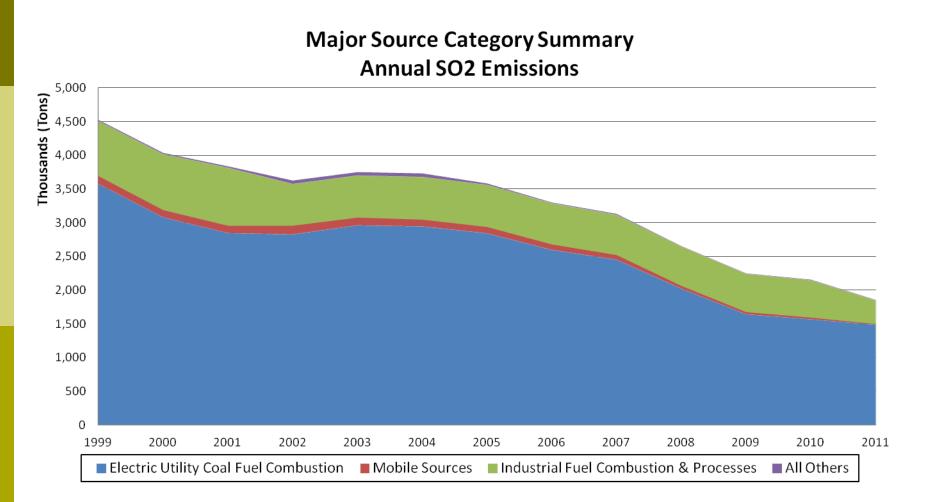
		Annual Emissions (Tons)								
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	3,572,790	2,843,401	2,957,537	2,839,725	2,593,785	2,448,292	2,017,849	1,637,440	1,564,262	1,481,991
Mobile Sources	121,854	115,674	121,575	99,872	87,581	75,291	48,048	39,779	31,510	17,508
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	814,837	859,282	624,480	623,848	609,466	595,139	581,868	567,486	553,566	349,556
All Others	16,498	18,812	47,868	19,637	10,360	13,330	5,795	4,721	6,922	5,965
Total	4,525,979	3,837,168	3,751,459	3,583,082	3,301,193	3,132,051	2,653,559	2,249,427	2,156,260	1,855,020

_	Annual Emissions Change (Percent since 1999)									
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	0%	-20%	-17%	-21%	-27%	-31%	-44%	-54%	-56%	-59%
Mobile Sources	0%	-5%	0%	-18%	-28%	-38%	-61%	-67%	-74%	-86%
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	0%	5%	-23%	-23%	-25%	-27%	-29%	-30%	-32%	-57%
All Others	0%	14%	190%	19%	-37%	-19%	-65%	-71%	-58%	-64%
Total	0%	-15%	-17%	-21%	-27%	-31%	-41%	-50%	-52%	-59%





Midwestern Emission Trends (SO₂)







Midwestern Emission Trends (PM_{2.5})

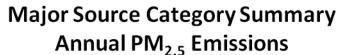
				Aı	nnual Emissi	ons (Tons)				
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	160,606	130,507	122,956	103,587	101,077	104,825	103,012	91,561	94,525	50,992
Mobile Sources	80,159	73,433	71,751	89,725	85,637	81,549	84,432	81,394	78,357	72,748
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	295,543	314,060	195,102	196,766	195,556	194,360	193,227	192,015	190,817	233,813
All Others	481,752	409,200	263,039	261,607	261,550	261,591	261,575	261,568	261,618	337,044
Total	1,018,061	927,201	652,848	651,684	643,819	642,325	642,247	626,538	625,317	694,597

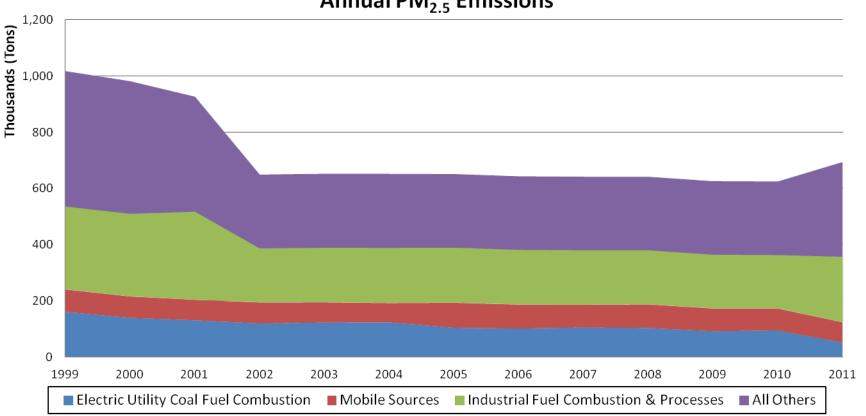
	Annual Emissions Change (Percent since 1999)									
Source Category	1999	2001	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Electric Utility Coal Fuel Combustion	0%	-19%	-23%	-36%	-37%	-35%	-36%	-43%	-41%	-68%
Mobile Sources	0%	-8%	-10%	12%	7%	2%	5%	2%	-2%	-9%
Industrial Fuel Combustion & Processes	0%	6%	-34%	-33%	-34%	-34%	-35%	-35%	-35%	-21%
All Others	0%	-15%	-45%	-46%	-46%	-46%	-46%	-46%	-46%	-30%
Total	0%	-9%	-36%	-36%	-37%	-37%	-37%	-38%	-39%	-32%





Midwestern Emission Trends (PM_{2.5})









Emission Trends Summary

- All pollutants have decreased since 1999 in aggregate across the midwestern United States
- NOx and SO2 from Electric Utility Fuel Combustion sources show significant decrease over time as a result of Acid Rain Program, NOx Budget Trading Program and CAIR control implementation
- Onroad emission step increase seen between 2004 and 2005 is the result of EPA's method change and MOVES model integration for estimating onroad mobile source emissions





AQ Trends Scope

 Compute, summarize and display ozone and PM_{2.5} design value trends in the Midwestern states for the period 1999 – 2011

Create a spreadsheet database of O₃ and PM_{2.5} values at each monitoring site for additional analyses





Design Values

Ozone

- Annual 4th highest daily maximum 8-hour average averaged over three consecutive years
- Current standard = 0.075 ppm

PM_{2.5} Annual

- Annual arithmetic mean of quarterly means averaged over three consecutive years
- Current standard = 12 ug/m³

PM_{2.5} 24-Hour

- Annual 98th percentile of daily averages averaged over three consecutive years
- Current standard = 35 ug/m³





Area-Wide Design Values

- For regional and state trends: for each three-year period, calculated average of DVs over all monitoring sites within the region/state meeting data completeness requirements
- For non-attainment areas: for each three-year period, calculated **maximum** DV over all monitoring sites within the non-attainment area meeting data completeness requirements (conforms with EPA methodology for determining attainment/non-attainment designation)





Data Handling Procedures

- O₃ design value (DV) for each overlapping threeyear period starting with 1999-2001 and ending with 2009-2011
 - DV calculated using annual 4th highest daily max 8-hr averages and percent of valid observations, based on EPA data handling conventions
 - Data associated with exceptional events that have received EPA concurrence are omitted
 - Selection of trend sites require valid DV in 9 out of 11 three-year periods between 1999 and 2011
 - Identification of nonattainment areas is with respect to the 2008 8-hour standard only





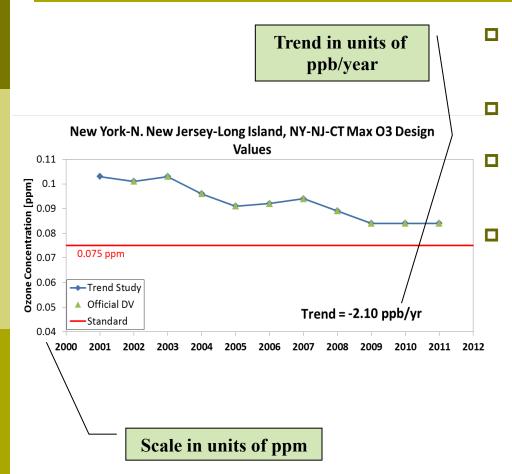
Data Handling Procedures

- Annual PM_{2.5} DV and 24-hr PM_{2.5} DV for each overlapping three-year period starting with 1999-2001 and ending with 2009-2011
 - DV calculations based on EPA data handling conventions
 - Data extracted from monitors that have a nonregulatory monitoring type are omitted
 - Selection of trend sites require valid DV in at least 9 out of 11 three-year periods between 1999 and 2011





Trend Calculation



- Trends based on linear least squares fit to rolling three year design values (DVs)
- Negative trend indicates improving air quality
- DVs based on each 3-year period: 1999-2001, 2000-2002, ... 2009-2011

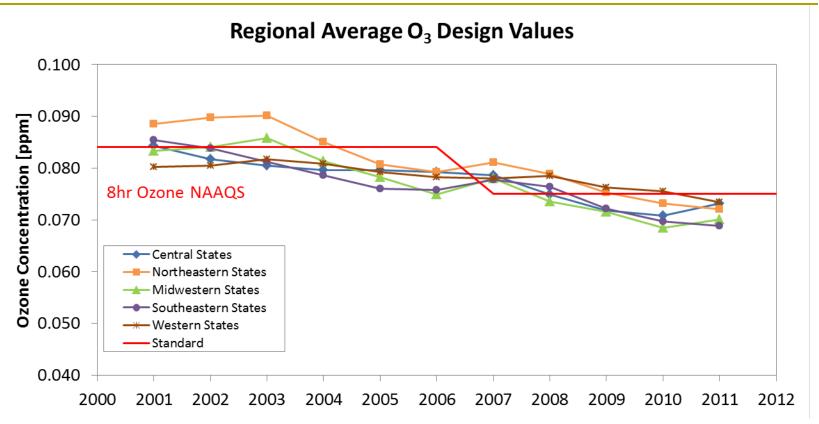
Notes

- On plots, DVs are for three year period ending in year shown (i.e., 2009-2011 DV plotted as 2011 value)
- Ozone trend values expressed as ppb/year (1,000 ppb = 1 ppm); DVs are plotted as ppm





O₃ Trends by Regions



- Average ozone DVs have decreased in all five regions
- Trends are not monotonic, possibly reflecting influence of meteorology





O₃ Trend Slopes by Region

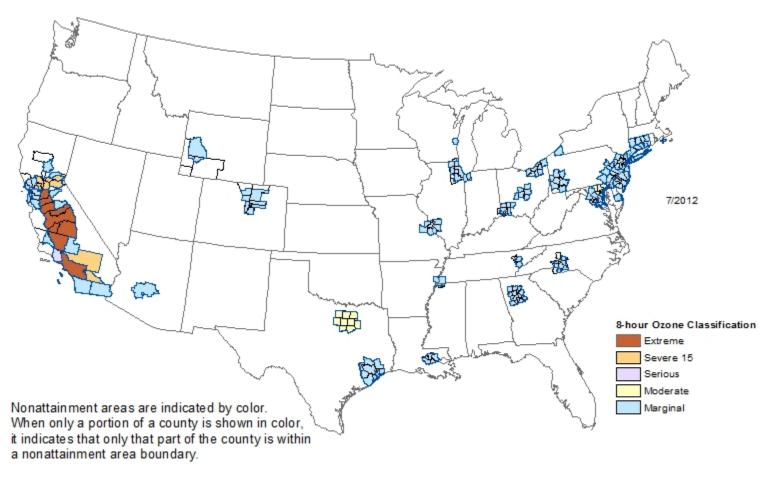
Region	O ₃ Trend Slope
Central States	-1.2ppb/year
Northeastern States	-1.9ppb/year
Midwestern States	-1.7ppb/year
Southeastern States	-1.5ppb/year
Western States	-0.7ppb/year

Note: 1 ppb = 0.001 ppm





Designated O₃ Non-Attainment Areas (based on 2008 8-Hour Ozone standard)



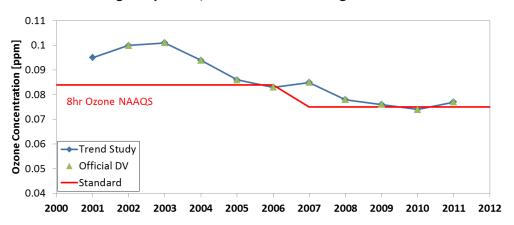
Source: EPA Green Book (http://www.epa.gov/oar/oaqps/greenbk/index.html)





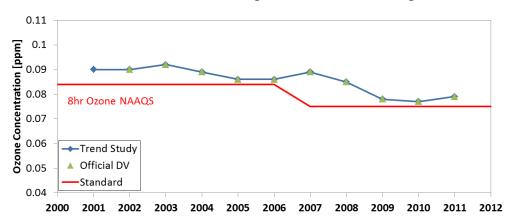
Trends in Midwest States Non-Attainment Areas

Chicago-Naperville, IL-IN-WI Max O3 Design Values



Trends range from -2.75 ppb/yr (Chicago-Naperville, IL-IN-WI) to -1.40 ppb/yr (St. Louis-St. Charles-Farmington, MO-IL)

St. Louis-St. Charles-Farmington, MO-IL Max O3 Design Values



Trends are negative (downward) in all 6 non-attainment areas in Midwest states.





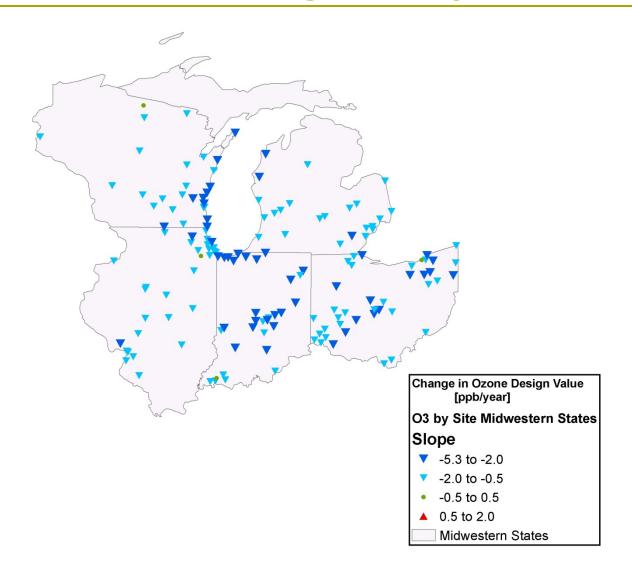
O₃ Trend Slopes in Midwest States Non-Attainment Areas

Non-Attainment Areas	O ₃ Trend Slope [ppb/year]
Chicago-Naperville, IL-IN-WI	-2.75
Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH	-2.32
Sheboygan, WI	-2.15
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	-1.79
Columbus, OH	-1.54
St. Louis-St. Charles-Farmington, MO-IL	-1.40





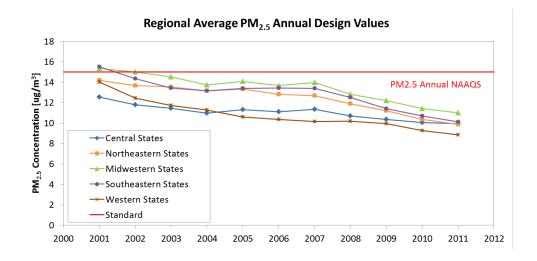
Midwest States Monitoring Sites O₃ Trend Slopes

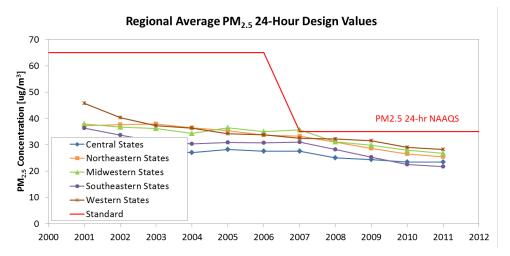






PM_{2.5} Trends by Regions





- Both average and 24-hr PM_{2.5} DVs have decreased (negative trends) in all five regions
- Trends are not monotonic, possibly reflecting influence of meteorology





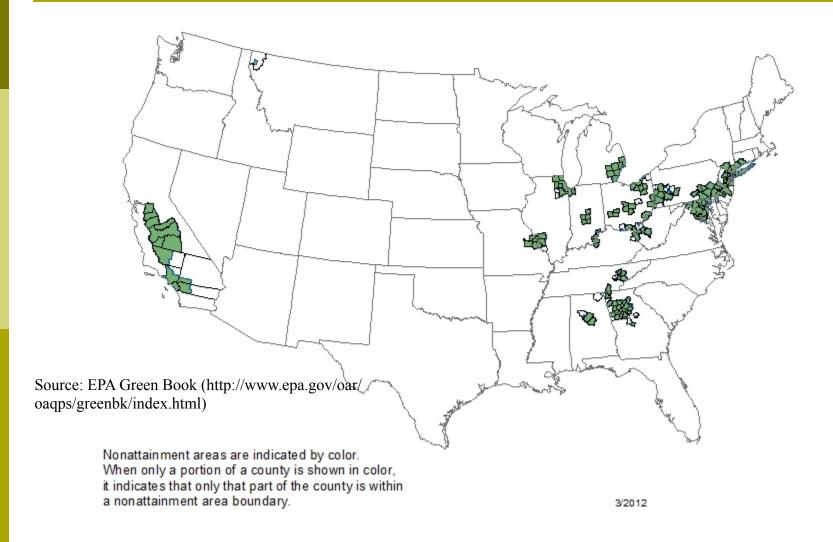
PM_{2.5} Trend Slopes by Region

Region	Annual PM _{2.5} Trend Slope	24-Hr PM _{2.5} Trend Slope
Central States	-0.22 ug/m³/year	-0.61 ug/m³/year
Northeastern States	-0.41 ug/m³/year	-1.32 ug/m³/year
Midwestern States	-0.41 ug/m³/year	-1.07 ug/m³/year
Southeastern States	-0.45 ug/m³/year	-1.27 ug/m³/year
Western States	-0.42 ug/m³/year	-1.45 ug/m³/year





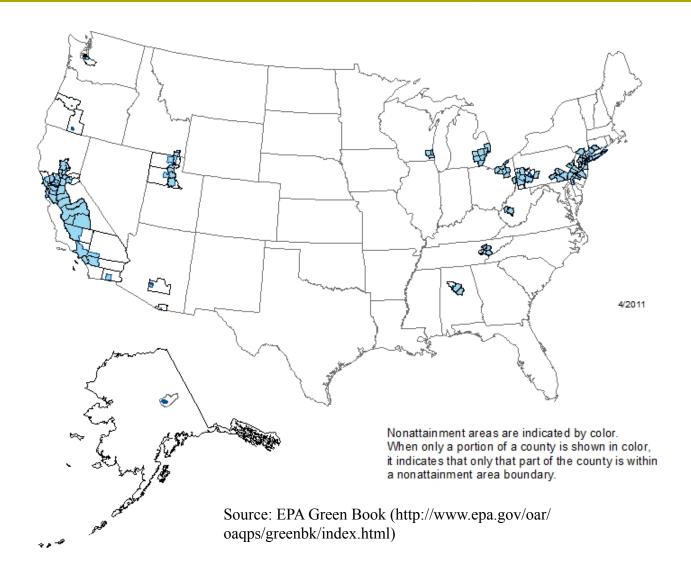
Designated PM_{2.5} Non-Attainment Areas (based on 1997 Annual PM_{2.5} Standards)







Designated PM_{2.5} Non-Attainment Areas (based on 2006 24-Hr PM_{2.5} Standards)

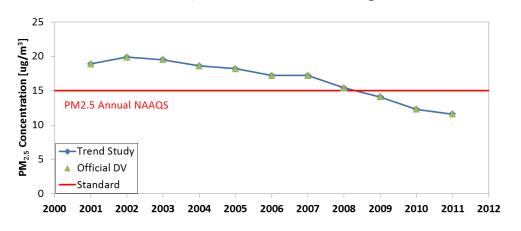




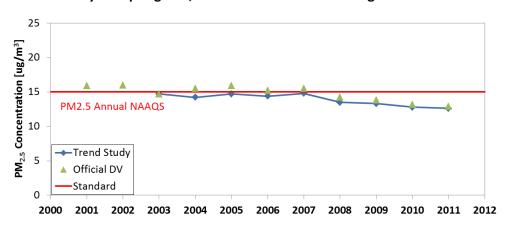


Annual PM_{2.5} DV Trends in Midwest States Non-Attainment Area

Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI Max PM2.5 Annual Design Values



Dayton-Springfield, OH Max PM2.5 Annual Design Values



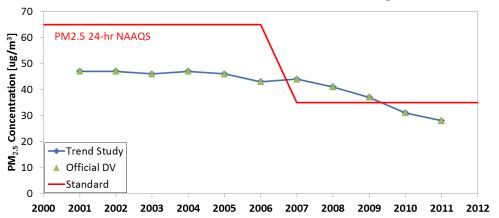
- Trends range from -0.82 ug/m³/yr (Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI) to -0.27 ug/m³/ yr (Dayton-Springfield, OH)
- Trends are negative (downward) in 12 of 13 non-attainment areas in the Midwest States. The trend at Canton-Massillon, OH is not determined due to limited data available.



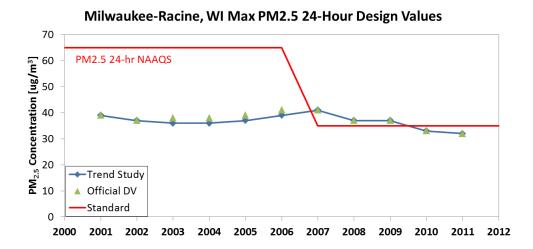


24-Hour PM_{2.5} DV Trends in Midwest States Non-Attainment Area

Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV Max PM2.5 24-Hour Design Values



□ Trends range from -1.82 ug/m³/yr (Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV) to -0.38 ug/m³/yr (Milwaukee-Racine, WI)



Trends are negative (downward) in 4 out of 5 non-attainment areas in Midwest states. The trend at Canton-Massillon, OH is not determined due to limited data available





Annual PM_{2.5} Trend Slopes for Midwest States Non-Attainment Areas

Non-Attainment Area	Annual PM _{2.5} Slope (ug/m³/yr)
Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI	-0.82
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	-0.77
Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH	-0.69
Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN	-0.61
Columbus, OH	-0.58
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	-0.51
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	-0.46
St. Louis, MO-IL	-0.45
Indianapolis, IN	-0.39
Louisville, KY-IN	-0.35
Wheeling, WV-OH	-0.34
Dayton-Springfield, OH	-0.27
Canton-Massillon, OH *	#N/A

^{*} Monitoring sites in this NAA do not meet completeness requirement for trend analysis





24-Hour PM_{2.5} Trend Slopes for Midwest States Non-Attainment Areas

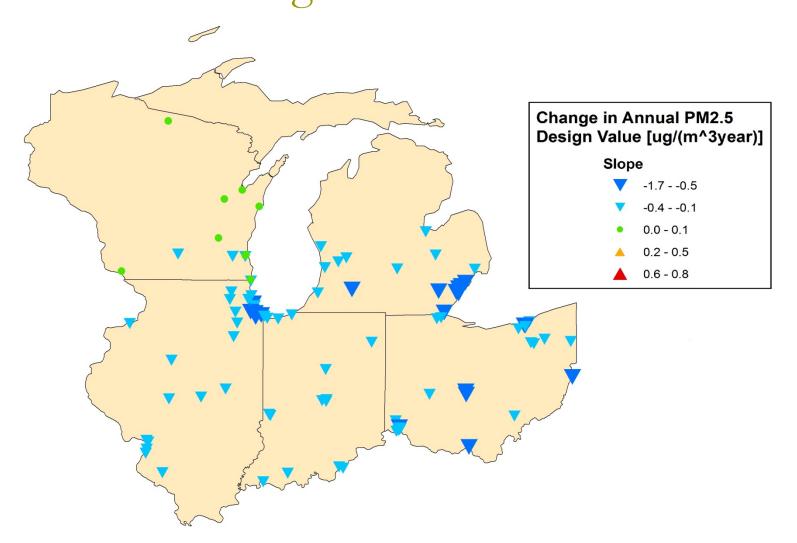
Non-Attainment Area	24-Hour PM _{2.5} Slope (ug/m³/yr)
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	-1.82
Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH	-1.61
Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI	-1.48
Milwaukee-Racine, WI	-0.38
Canton-Massillon, OH *	#N/A

^{*} Monitoring sites in this NAA do not meet completeness requirement for trend analysis





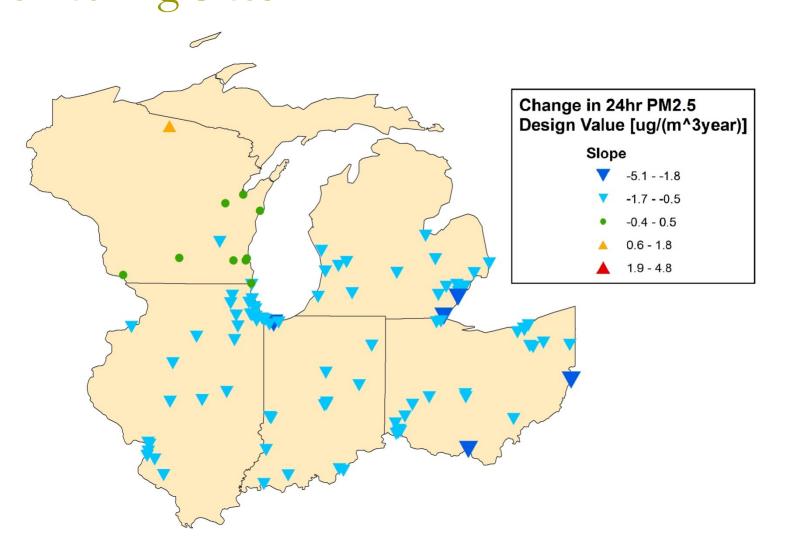
Annual PM_{2.5} Trend Slopes at Midwest States Monitoring Sites







24-Hr PM_{2.5} Trend Slopes at Midwest States Monitoring Sites







Air Quality Trends Summary

- Average O₃ and PM_{2.5} design values have decreased since
 1999 in the Midwest States domain
- O₃ and PM_{2.5} design values have decreased since 1999 in all currently designated O₃ and PM_{2.5} non-attainment areas in the Midwest States in which monitoring data met the 1999–2011 trends completeness criteria. Additional O₃ or PM_{2.5} nonattainment areas in which monitoring data did not meet the 1999–2011 trends completeness criteria include:
 - Canton-Massillon, OH (Annual and 24-hour PM_{2.5})