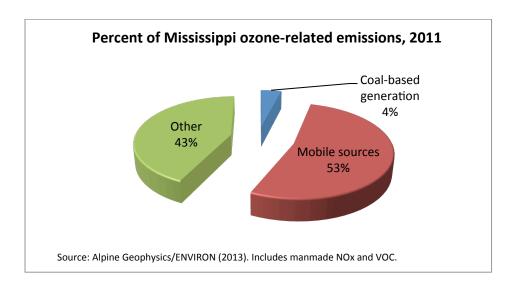
Clean Coal Technologies Are Improving Air Quality in Mississippi

A new Emissions and Air Quality Trends Report for 1999-2011, published by independent consultants Alpine Geophysics and ENVIRON International, documents the substantial decreases in air pollutants from coal-fueled electric generation and other sources in Mississippi and across the United States. These emission reductions are yielding significant air quality improvements in both urban smog (ozone) and fine particulate matter (PM2.5).

Highlights of Alpine/ENVIRON's report for Mississippi:

- Mississippi's coal-fueled power plants have reduced emissions of nitrogen oxides by 63 percent since 2007, compared with an average 37 percent reduction for all other sources.
- Coal-based electric generation accounted for 4 percent of Mississippi's total ozone-related emissions in 2011.



- The Alpine Geophysics/ENVIRON report also documents the significant reductions in emissions
 contributing to fine particulates sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds
 (VOCs) and direct PM emissions. Mississippi's coal-based electric utilities have reduced these
 PM-related emissions by 48 percent since 2007, compared with a 39 percent reduction by all other
 source categories.
- These reductions in PM2.5- and smog-forming emissions by coal-based generators will help Mississippi to meet both the eight-hour ozone standard and new PM2.5 standard that EPA is now implementing.
- Investments in clean coal technologies by Mississippi's coal-based electric utilities are producing cleaner air for the benefit of all Mississippi citizens.

The June 2013 Alpine/ENVIRON emissions and air quality trends reports for 48 states and 5 regions are available at www.americaspower.org.